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| Fontys university of applied sciences |
| Process report |
| I version |
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| **1/1/2016** |

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# Introduction

Our group consists of four members: Rosen Danev, Preslav Gerchev, Dimitar Vikentiev and Monica Stoica, all part of class EI6S3.

# Rules and decisions

First of all, we decided that the user will have a limited working space. This working space will be designated by a non-resizable panel. When an element has to be drawn on the screen, the user selects the point and the system will calculate the center of the element (picture) and draw it on the place selected by the user. The elements will be represented by pictures while the pipeplines will be drawn as a lines.

Both adjustable and normal splitter will have a default value of 50% on both outputs.

To adjust the percentage of an adjustable splitter, the user double clicks on the drawn splitter and a track bar will be displayed.

The current and the maximum flow of any element cannot be negative numbers and the current flow must be a lower or an equal number to the maximum flow. Otherwise, the system will not register the changes. The flow will be registered as a double and not int because, for example, if we want to connect pipeline with a flow of 7 to a normal splitter, we will have the out coming flow of 3 and 3. Therefore, 1 part will be lost.

By default, all elements have a current flow and a capacity of 0.

When drawing one of the elements on the screen we decided that the system will register the X and Y coordinates as the top-left corner of the figure. However, this does not apply for pipelines as well.

The pipeline flow will be shown on the middle of the line.

To make sure that there will not be compatibility problems when loading and existing network, the file will be saved in binary format (.XML). If the user presses the ‘Save’ button but there was no previous save???changed later

To select a component, the user has to double click on it and a red rectangle will be drawn around it. For a splitte/merger each incoming/out coming part is drawn in a red rectangle. This makes it easier for the user when he wnts to connect the ipeline to a specific part of the splitter/merger.

We did not implement an algorithm for overlapping lines because a line can be drawn by selecting multiple points on the screen (creating a path). Therfeore, the user is reposible if the lines will overlap or not

# Division of work

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Nr | Task | Group | Dimitar | Monica | Preslav | Rosen |
|  | User Requirements Specifications |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Design document |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Process report |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | User interface |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Class implementations |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Serialization |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Functionality |  |  |  |  |  |

# Problems and solutions

One of the problems that we encountered was deleting a line. So that a line will be deleted, it has to be selected first. We tried drawing the line in a rectangle but this would work only if the line is perfectly straight. Therefore, we decided that if the system registers the click on the line, then that tile will be selected and the user will be able to delete it.

**Changes**

Since handing in the last version of User requirements specifications and design documents we have made the following changes:

* Updated use cases number II, IV, VI,
* The user interface
* Class diagram and description of the members
* Updated the rules and decisions section

# Individual part

## Preslav